

# Michigan Paving & Materials Company

Date: 11/26/18

## Section 1: Identification

**PRODUCT identifier** Asphalt Pavement Mix  
**OTHER means of identification**  
**Synonyms/TRADE NAME:** Petroleum Asphalt / Road Paving Asphalt / Hot Mix Asphalt / Blacktop / Bitumen / Warm Mix Asphalt  
**Recommended use:** Road Paving Asphalt  
**Recommended Restrictions:**  
**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**  
**Company** Michigan Paving & Materials  
**Locations** Spartan: 16777 Wood St, Lansing, MI Jackson: 1600 N Elm St, Jackson, MI  
Kalamazoo: 2000 Glendenning, Kalamazoo, MI Klett: 46046 Red Arrow Highway, Paw Paw, MI  
Grand Rapids: 1100 Market Ave, Grand Rapids, MI Grand N: 3566 Millcreek, Comstock Park, MI  
**Telephone** Spartan: 517-482-9611 Jackson: 517-787-4200  
Kalamazoo: 269-343-4659 Klett: 269-655-1394  
Grand Rapids: 616-459-9545 Grand N: 616-784-5220  
**Website** <http://michiganpaving.com/>  
**Emergency phone number** 8-5 (M-F EST) 734-397-2050  
Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

For technical assistance regarding this product, contact your local Michigan Paving & Materials Company representative.

## Section 2: Hazards Identification

**GHS Hazard Classification(s):** Not classified as dangerous for supply/use.  
**Label elements**  
**Pictograms** None  
**Signal Word:** None  
**Hazard Statements** None  
**Precautionary Statements** None  
**Other Hazards** Contact with hot ASPHALT PAVING MATERIALS causes skinburns.  
May cause eye irritation.  
Fumes may cause upper respiratory irritation (nose & throat).  
Skin contact may increase susceptibility to sunburn.  
Poisonous hydrogen sulfide gas can accumulate in the head-space of containers of certain asphalt products.  
Mechanical disruption (e.g., milling, cutting, chipping) of cured asphalt pavement may release crystalline silica dust from the aggregate.

**Additional Information:** Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
As necessary, Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
Wash hands and exposed skin after use.

## Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

### Mixture

Composition/information on ingredients	% wt.	CAS No.
Aggregate (crushed stone, sand, gravel, slag)	70 - 97	Various
Petroleum asphalt / bitumen^	3 - 7	8052-42-4
Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)	0 - 25	Mixture
Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	0 - 10	Mixture
Polymers and Natural Rubbers	< 0.5	Various
Process oils (inherent in refined petroleum asphalt)	< 0.1	Various

Anti-strip or other amine-based additives	< 0.1	Various
Warm-mix additives	< 0.1	Various

^Contains: <0.05% of 3 - 7 ring Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs).

Other Substances in the product which may present a health or environmental hazard, or which have been assigned occupational exposure limits, are detailed below. Please see Section 8 of SDS for more details.

- Contains: <0.1% airborne crystalline silica (inherent in aggregate) and <0.1% hydrogen sulfide.
- Hydrogen sulfide gas can accumulate in the head space of containers of certain asphalt products.
- Heated product releases asphalt fume.

**Additional Information** - None

## Section 4: First Aid Measures

### Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Not normally required. Move person to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if necessary. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.
Skin Contact	Causes burns. Immediately cool skin where asphalt binder has adhered to skin. Allow asphalt binder which remains on the skin to fall off naturally. DO NOT REMOVE. If problem persist or coverage is extensive, get medical attention.
Eye Contact	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion	Not normally required. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** None known

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** None known

## Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

### Extinguishing Media

- |                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| -Suitable Extinguishing Media   | Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray. |
| -Unsuitable Extinguishing Media | None anticipated.   |

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** Combustion causes toxic fumes. Combustion products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Sulfur oxides

**Advice for fire-fighters** A self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Not normally required.
<b>Methods and material for containment and cleaning up</b>	Allow product to cool/solidify and pick up as a solid.
<b>Reference to other sections</b>	None
<b>Additional Information</b>	None.

## Section 7: Handling and Storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	
-Storage temperature	Store at temperatures not exceeding the product's flash point.
-Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control parameters Occupational

#### Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE.	CAS No.	(8hr TWA)		(STEL)		Note:
		PEL (OSHA) *	TLV (ACGIH)	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	
Asphalt fume	-----	-----	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <sup>(1)</sup>	-----	-----	See below
Crystalline Silica (respirable particulate)	-----	$\frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2}$	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ^	-----	-----	See below
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	-----	1 ppm	20 ppm ceiling	5 ppm	50 ppm peak

<sup>(1)</sup> Inhalable benzene-soluble fraction; ^Suspected Human Carcinogen; \*Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 & 29 CFR 1926.55; 8hr TWA = 8 hour time-weighted average; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit.

#### Recommended monitoring method

NIOSH 5042 (Asphalt Fume), NIOSH 7500 (Crystalline Silica), Electrochemical sensor (hydrogen sulfide).

#### Exposure controls

##### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

##### Personal protection equipment

###### Eye/face protection



The following to be used as necessary: Safety Glasses

###### Skin protection (Hand protection/ Other)



The following to be used as necessary: Leather or thick textile gloves.

###### Respiratory protection



In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Air-purifying respirator with combination organic vapor cartridge / particulate filter may be sufficient. Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

###### Thermal hazards

Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed.

#### Environmental Exposure Controls

Do not discharge waste and/or cleaning water via public sewer system. Ensure waste is collected and contained.

## Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid
Color.	Dark brown / Black
Odor	Asphalt / Bitumen
Odor Threshold (ppm)	Not available.
pH (Value)	Not available.
Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C)	Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range (°C):	> 371 (>700 °F)
Flash Point (°C)	> 232 (> 450 °F)
Evaporation Rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Explosive Limit Ranges	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure (Pascal)	Not determined.
Vapor Density (Air=1)	Not determined.
Density (g/ml)	2.2 - 2.7
Solubility (Water)	Negligible
Solubility (Other)	Not known
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)	Not available.

Auto Ignition Point (°C)  
 Decomposition Temperature (°C)  
 Kinematic Viscosity (cSt) @ 40°C  
 Explosive properties  
 Oxidizing properties

Not available.  
 Not available.  
 Not available  
 Not explosive.  
 Not oxidizing.  
 Not available.

**Other information**

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity** Stable under normal conditions.  
**Chemical stability** Stable.  
**Possibility of hazardous reactions** May react violently with: Strong oxidizing agents  
**Conditions to avoid** Incompatible materials  
**Incompatible materials** Oxidizers  
**Hazardous decomposition product(s)** Combustion causes toxic fumes. Combustion products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Sulfur oxides

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

**Exposure routes:** Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact

**Information on toxicological effects**

Acute toxicity LD50 (rat): >5000 mg/kg bw LD50 (dermal): >2000 mg/kg bw LC50 (inhalation, fume): >94.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Irritation/Corrosivity May cause irritation to skin, eyes and respiratory system.

Sensitization Not to be expected

Repeated dose toxicity NOAEL(rat): 28 mg/m<sup>3</sup> LOAEL (rat): 149 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Carcinogenicity Not to be expected at typical road paving temperatures.

NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
No.	2B*	No.	No.

Mutagenicity Not to be expected.  
 Reproductive toxicity Not to be expected.

Other information \* IARC (2013, volume 103) identifies that “occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).” However, classification as a carcinogen under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 is not warranted given the absence of positive cancer findings in human epidemiological studies and in cancer studies with laboratory animals when exposed dermally or by inhalation to asphalt products or fume condensates that are typical of road paving applications. IARC (2013, volume 103) also identifies that “occupational exposures to oxidized bitumens and their emissions during roofing are probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A).” Roofing shingle are sometimes recycled into road paving asphalt mix. Emissions from oxidized bitumen, e.g., from shingles, at road paving temperatures are not expected to be qualitatively different than emissions from straight-run bitumens, and therefore would not warrant a carcinogen classification under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## Section 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity**

Short term LL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/l (Fish)  
 LL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/L (Aquatic Invertebrates)  
 EL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/L (Aquatic Plants)

Long Term No data

**Persistence and degradability** The product is poorly biodegradable.  
**Bioaccumulative potential** The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.  
**Mobility in soil** The product has low mobility in soil.  
**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Not classified as PBT or vPvB.  
**Other adverse effects** None known.

## Section 13: Disposal Considerations

### Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Consult an accredited waste disposal contractor or the local authority for advice.

### Additional Information

None known.

## Section 14: Transport Information

Ground or Water Domestic Voyage (DOT): Not regulated when transported below 240°C (464 °F).

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) - Inventory Status: All components listed or polymer exempt.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number (40 CFR 261.33): None

US RCRA Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Designated Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	RQ (Pounds)
None	-----	-----	-----

SARA 311/312 - Hazard Categories: None

Fire  Sudden Release  Reactivity  Immediate (acute)  Chronic (delayed)

SARA 313 - Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.
None	-----	-----

SARA 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances(40 CFR 355):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	TPQ (pounds)
None	-----	-----	-----

## Section 16: Other Information

### Additional Information

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16.

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